WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A magnetic memory comprising:

a spin polarization unit configured to spin-polarize electrons constituting a write current;

a hot electron generation unit configured to convert the electrons into hot electrons; and

a magnetic layer magnetization of which is reversed by the hot electrons.

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2. The magnetic memory according to claim 1, wherein a response characteristic of an electric current flowing as a result of application of a voltage to the hot electron generation unit is non-linear.

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- 3. The magnetic memory according to claim 1, wherein the hot electron generation unit includes an insulation film which enables the write current to tunnel through the insulation film in a thicknesswise direction thereof upon application of a voltage.
- 4. The magnetic memory according to claim 1, wherein the hot electron generation unit includes two conductive layers and an insulation film formed between the two conductive layers; and

the insulation film includes a conductive area.

- The magnetic memory according to claim 1, wherein the hot electron generation unit includes a Schottky
 junction.
 - 6. The magnetic memory according to claims 1, further comprising:

a magnetic layer in which a first crystal axis is aligned in a direction perpendicular to a film surface; and

a non-magnetic layer which is stacked on the magnetic layer and in which a second crystal axis is aligned in the direction perpendicular to the film surface, wherein

one of a symmetry of an up-spin band and a symmetry of a down-spin band, which is achieved at an energy level higher than a Fermi energy level of electrons traveling in the direction of the first crystal axis in the magnetic layer, is not present in a band of electrons located at an energy level higher than the Fermi energy level of electrons traveling in the direction of the second crystal axis in the non-magnetic layer.

7. The magnetic memory according to claims 1, wherein the spin polarization unit is a magnetic layer in which magnetization is fixed in substantially one direction.

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8. A method of writing data into a magnetic memory comprising:

spin-polarizing electrons constituting a write current; converting the electrons into hot electrons; and reversing magnetization of a magnetic layer by the hot electrons.

- 9. A magnetic memory comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a first magnetic layer formed above the first electrode; a first non-magnetic layer formed on the first magnetic layer;
 - a second magnetic layer formed on the first non-magnetic layer;
- a first insulation film formed on the second magnetic layer;
 - a first layer formed on the first insulation film;
 - a second non-magnetic layer formed on the first layer; and
- 20 a second electrode formed on the second non-magnetic layer.
 - 10. The magnetic memory according to claim 9, wherein the first layer is a non-magnetic layer.

- 11. The magnetic memory according to claim 9, further comprising:
- a second insulation film formed between the first electrode and the first magnetic layer, wherein the first layer is a non-magnetic layer.
- 12. The magnetic memory according to claim 9, further comprising:
- a second insulation film formed between the first 10 electrode and the first magnetic layer, wherein the first layer is a magnetic layer.
 - 13. The magnetic memory according to claim 9, further comprising:
- a second insulation film formed between the first electrode and the first magnetic layer, wherein:

the first layer is a magnetic layer; and the first non-magnetic layer is a third electrode.

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